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## Roman Numerals Worksheets

1) Write the numbers in roman numerals form.
a) 30
b) 40
c) 50
2) In roman numerals sum of fifty and sixty is?
a) $X C$
b) $C X$
c) $C X X$
d) None
3) Compare the given roman numerals. Which one is smallest between the two?
a) $X X I_{\ldots} \quad$ XXIV
b) $X X V \quad-\quad X X V I$
c) $X X X_{\text {__- }} X X V$ III
4) What comes between $X X$ III and $X X V$ ?
5) Arrange the below given roman numerals in ascending order.
XXI, XXIII, XXIV, XXVI, XXV, XXX, XXIX, XXII, XXVIII, XXVII
6) Arrange the below given roman numerals in descending order.
XXI, XXIII, XXIV, XXVI, XXV, XXX, XXIX, XXII, XXVIII, XXVII
7) 29 is written as XXIX. Yes or no.
8) What comes after $X X V$ ?
9) Add $X X V I, X X I V$ and $X X V$.
10) Match the following.

| Roman Numerals | Normal Form |
| :--- | :--- |
| XXVIII | 27 |
| XXVII | 29 |
| XXIX | 23 |
| XXIII | 28 |

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"I appreciate the effort that miss Nitya puts in to help my daughter understand the best methods and to explain why she got a problem incorrect.
She is extremely patient and generous with Miranda."

## ANSWERS

| 1) | a) $30=X X X$ <br> b) $40=X L$ <br> c) $50=L$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2) | (b) |
| 3) | a) $X X I$ <br> b) $X X V$ <br> c) $X X V$ III |
| 4) | XXIV |
| 5) | XXI, XXII, XXIII, XXIV, XXV, XXVI, XXVII, XXVIII, XXIX, and XXX |
| 6) | $X X X, X X I X, X X V \text { III, } X X V \text { III, } X X V I, X X V, X X I V,$ <br> XXIII, XXII, and XXI |


| 7) | Yes |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8) | XXVI |
| 9) | LXXV |
| 10) | $\begin{aligned} & X X V \text { III }=28 \\ & X X V I I=27 \\ & X X I X=29 \\ & X X I I I=23 \end{aligned}$ |

## FUN FACT

1. In roman numerals $I$ is $1, V$ is $5, X$ is $10, L$ is 50 , and C is 100 .
2. Roman numerals are one of its kind number system, which originated centuries ago in ancient Rome.
3. The Roman numerals list comprises letters taken from the Latin alphabets, which as we know it, starts from A and ends at $Z$.
