

Get better at Math.  
Get better at  
everything.



Come experience the Cuemath methodology and ensure your child stays ahead at math this summer.



**Adaptive  
Platform**



**Interactive Visual  
Simulations**



**Personalized  
Attention**

For Grades 1 - 10



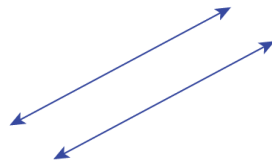
LIVE online classes  
by trained and  
certified experts.

Get the Cuemath advantage

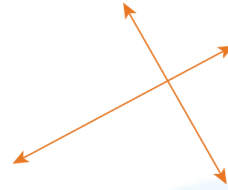
**Book a FREE trial class**

## PARALLEL LINES WORKSHEET-I

- 1) State whether the following set of lines are parallel or not.



(a)

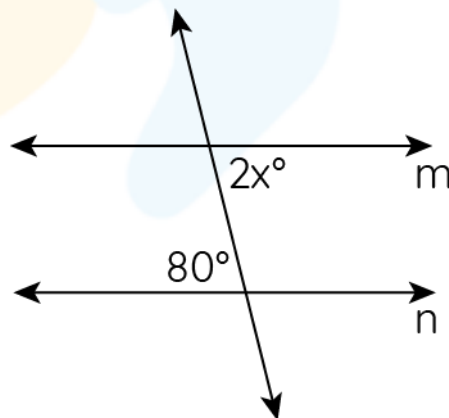


(b)

- 2) The two straight lines in the same plane which never meet are called \_\_\_\_\_.

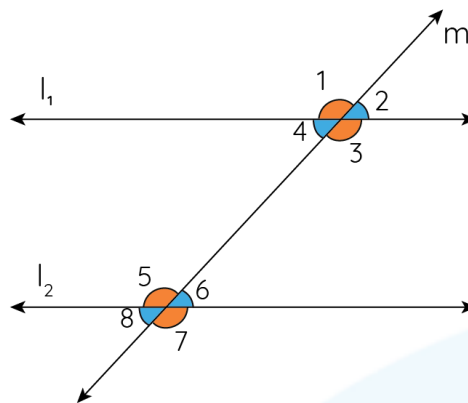
- a) angles
- b) transversal lines
- c) vertex
- d) parallel lines

- 3) Find the suitable value of  $x$  for which the following set of lines would be parallel.

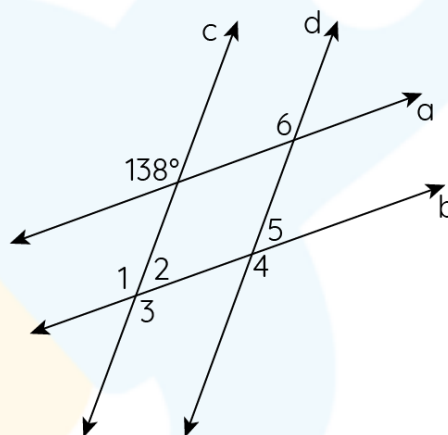


- 4) State whether true or false:  
Alternate exterior angles be complementary for a set of parallel lines.

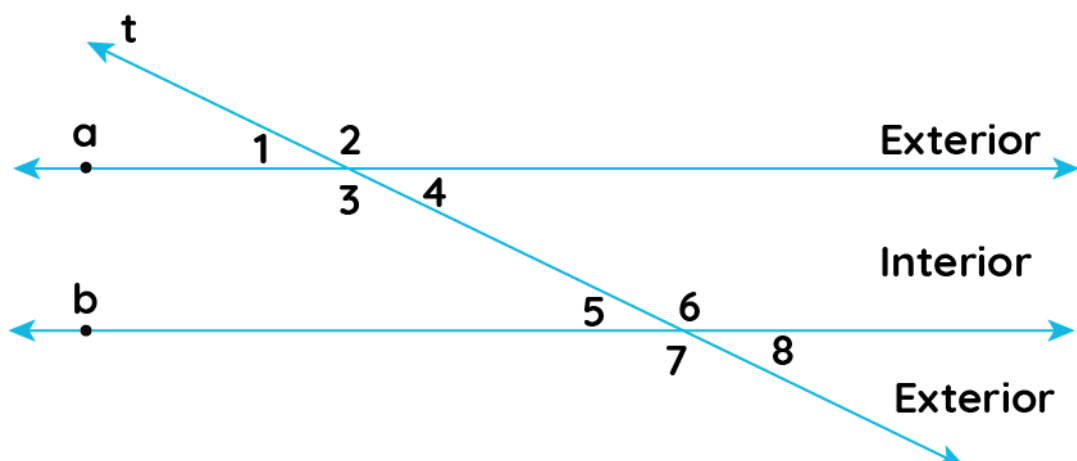
5) What is the relationship between  $\angle 4$  and  $\angle 8$  according to the given figure?



6) Calculate the sum of  $\angle 5$  and  $\angle 6$  if lines  $a \parallel b$  and  $c \parallel d$ .



Answer Q.7, Q.8 and Q.9 based on the following image:



- 7) Identify the set of equal alternate interior angles in the above figure.
- 8) Identify the set of consecutive interior angles from the figure.
- 9) State the property to make a conjecture about the angle measures of the above consecutive interior angle pairs.
- 10) Draw a diagram representing a set of parallel lines.



When you learn math  
in an interesting way,  
you never forget.



**25 Million**

Math classes &  
counting

**100K+**

Students learning  
Math the right way

**20+ Countries**

Present across USA, UK,  
Singapore, India, UAE & more.

## Why choose Cuemath?

"Cuemath is a valuable addition to our family. We love solving puzzle cards. My daughter is now visualizing maths and solving problems effectively!"

- Gary Schwartz

"Cuemath is great because my son has a one-on-one interaction with the teacher. The instructor has developed his confidence and I can see progress in his work. One-on-one interaction is perfect and a great bonus."

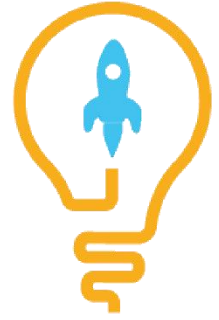
- Kirk Riley

"I appreciate the effort that miss Nitya puts in to help my daughter understand the best methods and to explain why she got a problem incorrect. She is extremely patient and generous with Miranda."

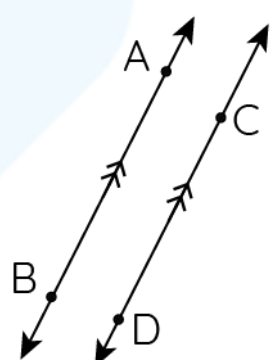
- Barbara Cabrera

Get the Cuemath advantage

**Book a FREE trial class**



## ANSWERS

1)	a) parallel b) not parallel
2)	d)
3)	40
4)	False
5)	$\angle 4 = \angle 8$ ; Corresponding angles are equal.
6)	$\angle 5 + \angle 6 = 180^\circ$
7)	$\angle 3 = \angle 6$ $\angle 4 = \angle 5$
8)	$\angle 3, \angle 5$ $\angle 4, \angle 6$
9)	Consecutive interior angles are supplementary. $\angle 3 + \angle 5 = 180^\circ$ $\angle 4 + \angle 6 = 180^\circ$
10)	

## FUN FACT

1. [Parallel lines](#) do meet at some point. They meet at infinity.
2. The slopes of parallel lines are always equal.
3. Parallel lines cut by a transversal create 8 [angles](#) that have relationships. If you know the measurement of 1 of the angles and the relationship between angles, you can find the remaining 7 angles.

