

Get better at Math.
Get better at
everything.



Come experience the Cuemath methodology and ensure your child stays ahead at math this summer.



**Adaptive
Platform**



**Interactive Visual
Simulations**



**Personalized
Attention**

For Grades 1 - 10



LIVE online classes
by trained and
certified experts.

Get the Cuemath advantage

Book a FREE trial class

Division Without Remainders Worksheets

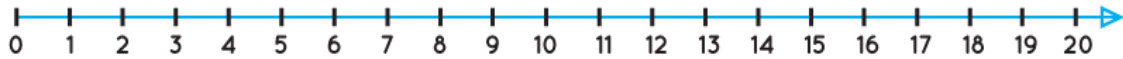
1. Find the quotient when 21 is divided by 3.
2. Divide 350 by 7
3. If a box has 48 chocolates, can all the chocolates be equally distributed among 6 children? If yes, how many chocolates will each child get?



4. Three friends went to a restaurant for lunch. If the total bill is \$36, how much does each person have to pay if they decide to share the bill equally among themselves?
5. State true or false for each of the given division facts.
a) $34 \div 2 = 15$
b) $201 \div 3 = 67$
6. Match the following:

1	$68 \div 17$	a.	5
2	$56 \div 4$	b.	7
3	$105 \div 15$	c.	14
4	$100 \div 20$	d.	4

7. Show the division fact on the number line.
Eighteen items have to be divided into groups of six.



Number of groups formed =

8. Divide the following numbers by 12 and write the quotient in the box.

a) 1224

b) 108

9. If a bell rings in every 5 minutes, how many times does it ring in 1 hour?

10. If the capacity of a carton is 13 mugs. Can we fit 156 mugs into those cartons without any left out? If yes, find the number of cartons required.



When you learn math
in an interesting way,
you never forget.



25 Million

Math classes &
counting

100K+

Students learning
Math the right way

20+ Countries

Present across USA, UK,
Singapore, India, UAE & more.

Why choose Cuemath?

"Cuemath is a valuable addition to our family. We love solving puzzle cards. My daughter is now visualizing maths and solving problems effectively!"

- Gary Schwartz

"Cuemath is great because my son has a one-on-one interaction with the teacher. The instructor has developed his confidence and I can see progress in his work. One-on-one interaction is perfect and a great bonus."

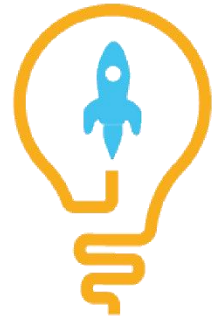
- Kirk Riley

"I appreciate the effort that miss Nitya puts in to help my daughter understand the best methods and to explain why she got a problem incorrect. She is extremely patient and generous with Miranda."

- Barbara Cabrera

Get the Cuemath advantage

Book a FREE trial class

**ANSWERS**

1)	7
2)	50
3)	Yes, 8 chocolates
4)	\$12
5)	False, True
6)	1-d, 2-c, 3-b, 4-a
7)	3 items in one group
8)	102, 9
9)	12 times
10)	Yes, 12 cartons

FUN FACT

1. Symbol used for [division](#) is \div or $/$.
2. [Multiplication](#) is the inverse operation of division.
3. Division is one of the four basic arithmetic operations along with [addition](#), [subtraction](#) and multiplication.

