





Get better at Math.
Get better at
everything.

Come experience the Cuemath methodology and ensure your child stays ahead at math this summer.





Adaptive Platform



Interactive Visual Simulations



Personalized Attention

For Grades 1 - 10



LIVE online classes by trained and certified experts.

Get the Cuemath advantage

Book a FREE trial class



Distributive Property With Variables Worksheets

1) A neighborhood has 33 small trees and 17 large trees. If each tree has 8 branches in it, calculate the total number of branches.



- 2) Solve the following by using distributive property of multiplication: 3×51
- 3) "8×49 can be split into 8×(50-1) in order to make our calculations easier." The given statement is
 - a)True
 - b)False
- 4) Solve using distributive property:
 - a) $13 \times (11-1)$
 - $b)8 \times (49 + 1)$
- 5) Which of the following shows an example of distributive property?
 - a) $6 \times (24+6) = 6 \times 20 = 120$
 - b) $6 \times (24+6) = 6 \times 30 = 180$
 - c) $6 \times (24-6) = 6 \times 20 = 120$
 - $d)6\times(24-6)=6\times30=180$



6) A property was put on sale. Due to COVID, the prices dipped by \$230 for first 3 three days each, and by \$70 for the next three days each. Find the total dip in the price of the property after six days.



7) Solve: $(9 \times 41) + (9 \times 9)$

8) Match the following:

9×(23-13)	i. 13×10=130
5×(26-6)	ii. 9×10=90
13×(2+8)	iii. 5×20=100

- 9) Find the value obtained when forty seven times of nine is added to three times of nine.
- 10) Which of the following is the correct form for distributive property of subtraction?



When you learn math in an interesting way, you never forget.



25 Million

Math classes & counting

100K+

Students learning Math the right way

20+ Countries

Present across USA, UK, Singapore, India, UAE & more.

Why choose Cuemath?

"Cuemath is a valuable addition to our family. We love solving puzzle cards. My daughter is now visualizing maths and solving problems effectively!"

"Cuemath is great because my son has a one-on-one interaction with the teacher. The instructor has developed his confidence and I can see progress in his work. One-on-one interaction is perfect and a great bonus."

"I appreciate the effort that miss Nitya puts in to help my daughter understand the best methods and to explain why she got a problem incorrect.

She is extremely patient and generous with Miranda."

- Gary Schwartz

- Kirk Riley

- Barbara Cabrera

Get the Cuemath advantage

Book a FREE trial class







1)	400
2)	153
2) 3)	a) True
4)	a. 130
	b. 400
5)	b
6)	\$900
7)	450
8)	a =ii
	b =iii
	c =i
9)	450
10)	b



FUN FACT

- Either you can first add and then multiply, or first multiply individually then add depending on whichever is easier to solve. Result will remain same for both cases.
- 2. Just like that of <u>addition</u>, <u>distributive</u> <u>property</u> can also be applied for numbers involving <u>subtraction</u>. For example: 4 ×249 can be split into 4× (250-1).
- 3. While solving <u>multiplication</u> problems involving huge numbers, it is always beneficial to "distribute" the given numbers into easier ones that can be multiplied.

