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1) Write the Number statement for the model shown below

2) Fill in the blank: \(9 + (4 + 7) = (9 + \underline{\phantom{1}}) + 7\)

3) Find the missing blank and the sum \(3 + (4 + 1) = (3 + 4) + \underline{\phantom{1}} = \underline{\phantom{1}}\)

4) Choose the correct option for the number on the blank

\(2 + (5 + 3) = (2 + \underline{\phantom{1}}) + 3\)

a) 5  
b) 2  
c) 1
5) \(6 + (9 + 8) = (___ + 9) + 8\). The number on the blank will be 6. State True or False.

6) Fill the missing number and then find the sum: \(2 + (9 + 10) = (2 + 9) + ___ = ____

7) Identify the mistake in the given statement:
   \(10 + (9 + 3) = (10 + 9) + 6\)

8) In the Right side of the equation, put the addition symbol correctly.
   \(9 + (5 + 9) = (9 _ 5) _ 9\)

9) Put the correct sign (>, <, =): 
   \((4 + 7) + 3 _ 4 + (7 + 3)\)

10) Match and write the sum correctly
    a) \(7 + 3 + 6\)  1) \(1 + 2 + 4\)
    b) \(1 + 4 + 2\)  2) \(9 + 8 + 1\)
    c) \(1 + 9 + 8\)  3) \(3 + 7 + 6\)
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Why choose Cuemath?

“Cuemath is a valuable addition to our family. We love solving puzzle cards. My daughter is now visualizing maths and solving problems effectively!”

- Gary Schwartz

“Cuemath is great because my son has a one-on-one interaction with the teacher. The instructor has developed his confidence and I can see progress in his work. One-on-one interaction is perfect and a great bonus.”

- Kirk Riley

“I appreciate the effort that miss Nitya puts in to help my daughter understand the best methods and to explain why she got a problem incorrect. She is extremely patient and generous with Miranda.”

- Barbara Cabrera

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1) \((3 + 3) + 9 = (9 + 3) + 3\)

2) 4

3) 1 and their sum is \(3 + 4 + 1 = 8\)

4) a

5) True

6) 10 and sum is 21
7) Instead of 6, it should be 3.

8) $9 + (5 + 9) = (9 + 5) + 9$

9) $(4 + 7) + 3 = 4 + (7 + 3)$

10) $a \rightarrow 3$, $b \rightarrow 1$, $c \rightarrow 2$
1. The order of number doesn’t matter in an addition. Sum will still remain the same.

2. Associative property always involves 3 or more numbers.

3. There is also associative property of multiplication.

4. Subtraction and Division are not associative.