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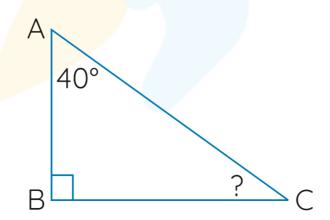
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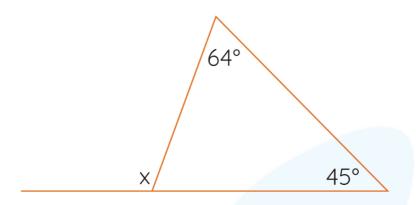
# 7th Grade Angles Worksheets

- 1. Write the complements of the following angles.
- i) 20°
- ii) 60°
- iii) 5°
- iv) 17°
- 2. Write the supplements of the following angles.
- i) 9°
- ii) 30°
- iii) 135°
- iv) 178°
- 3. Write a pair of complementary angles such that both angles are equal.
- 4. In the figure given below explain why the missing angle will measure 50°.

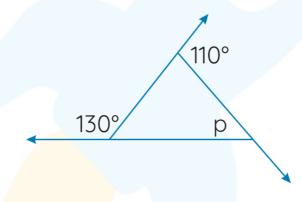




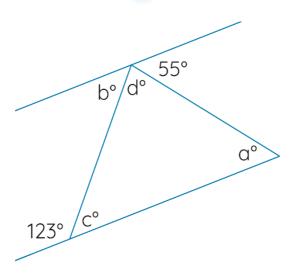
5. What is the relationship between the given angles and angle x.



6. Find the value of p in the given figure.

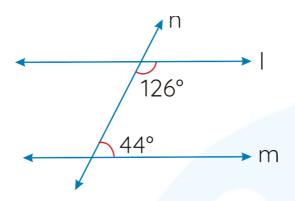


7. Find the measure of the angles a and c so that the given lines would be parallel.



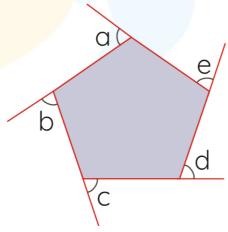


8. Check whether the given lines are parallel or not.



- 9. Fill in the blanks.
- i) The exterior angles of a triangle always add up to \_\_\_\_\_.
- ii) The interior angles of a triangle always add up to \_\_\_\_\_.
- iii) Each internal angle of a regular quadrilateral is \_\_\_\_\_.
- iv) Sum of all the exterior angles of an irregular hexagon is \_\_\_\_\_.

10. Given figure is a regular polygon. Find out the measure of its exterior angles.





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- Gary Schwartz

- Kirk Riley

- Barbara Cabrera

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## ANSWERS

| 1. i) 20° - 70° ii) 60° - 30° iii) 5° - 85° iv) 17° - 73°  2. i) 9° - 171° ii) 30° - 160° iii) 135° - 45° iv) 178° - 2° | 6.<br>p = 60°<br>7.<br>a = 55°<br>c = 57°   |
|---|---|
| 3.<br>Yes, 45° and 45° are two equal<br>complementary angles.   | 8. The lines I and m are not parallel.  |
| 4. The sum of interior angles of a triangle is 180°.  | <ul> <li>i) The exterior angles of a triangle always add up to 180°.</li> <li>ii) The interior angles of a triangle always add up to 180°.</li> <li>iii) Each internal angle of a regular quadrilateral is 90°.</li> <li>iv) Sum of all the exterior angles of an irregular hexagon is 360°.</li> </ul> |
| 5. Using the exterior angle theorem, the sum of the given angles is equal to x.   | 10.<br>Each exterior angle = 72°  |



### **FUN FACT**

- 1. When a set of parallel lines is cut by a transversal, eight angles are formed with special relationships among them.
- 2. All the exterior angles in a polygon add up to  $360^{\circ}$ .
- 3. Angle of exactly 360° is called a complete angle.
- 4. Angle greater than 180° is called a reflex angle.

